Redistricting Comment

marlene Thacker <MolliT7@msn.com>  Fri, Apr 9, 2021 at 9:51 AM
To: "varedist@dls.virginia.gov" <varedist@dls.virginia.gov>

Please undo the gerrymandering that resulted in some of Woodbridge being placed under District 1. We originally voted for Rep. Gerry Connally and, subsequently, found ourselves under Rep. Rob Wittman. Please undo this so that we are placed back under Rep. Gerry Connally so that our voting will count once again. We were told that this issue would be resolved in 2021 and we appreciate it as soon as possible.

Sincerely,

Nellie E. Thacker
Marlene E. Thacker
We are submitting this letter about the Commission about the Proposed Timeline and Public Input. We hope the ideas and suggestions will be helpful.

Sincerely,

Bill Millhouser, Falls Church VA       Janet Martin, Springfield VA
Candace Butler, Annandale VA         Michael Martin, Springfield VA
Kathy Utgoff, Falls Church VA         Deborah Mayer, Centreville VA
Pat Kablach Casano, Alexandria VA    JoAnn Kennedy Flanagan, Fairfax VA

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104K
VIA EMAIL

April 9, 2021

Ms. Greta J. Harris  Ms. Mackenzie K. Babichenko
Co-Chair              Co-Chair
Virginia Redistricting Commission Virginia Redistricting Commission
gharris@dls.virginia.gov mbabichenko@dls.virginia.gov

Dear Ms. Harris and Ms. Babichenko,

We are writing to you about the Commission’s “Revised Draft Proposed Timeline” presented at the March 30, 2021, Commission meeting. We are particularly concerned with the public participation provisions in the Timeline.

The proposed Timeline is an important first step, but it needs to be fleshed out to provide more detail and more specific deadlines. A more detailed Timeline will ensure the Commission and the public have a clear understanding of the steps in the process—and the role that citizens will play at every step. Clear public participation guidelines are needed so that citizens can provide input that is both useful and timely. The comments and suggestions that follow are based on the expected receipt of 2020 Census data information in mid-August when the 45-day “clock” begins to tick.

First, the “Administrative Decision Points” listed in the March 30 Timeline, including the Public Participation Guidelines, need to be finalized and publicized no later than the end of April.

We also suggest that several tasks regarding the submission of Communities of Interest (COI) maps be moved earlier on the draft Timeline to ensure the public has time to provide useful input well before the map drawing process begins in mid-August. Specifically, we suggest that the public participation guidelines for map drawing should be completed by the end of May. Public hearings to receive input should be completed at least a month sooner than indicated in the timeline, e.g., on or about June 30.
These suggestions are important because citizen input is central to protecting communities of interest, one of the criteria to be used in the map drawing. Protecting communities with similar interests from being split up is essential to making sure that communities have fair representation. There will be many valuable inputs from individuals and good government groups regarding how they define their communities. Analyzing all inputs and presenting them to the Commission in a useful way will take a considerable amount of time and effort and is but one aspect of the effort necessary to prepare for the map drawing process.

We suggest the Commission consider increasing the number and duration of Commission meetings to broaden the opportunity for public engagement. We support the recommendation of Erin Corbett of the Virginia Civic Engagement Table that some Commission meetings occur during the evening when working citizens are available. Meetings should include time for the Commissioners to discuss and respond to public comments.

The Commission website is an essential means to communicate with the public and encourage public engagement; it should be updated as soon as possible. As required by Virginia law, the website must be able to “disseminate information about the Commission’s activities” and “be capable of receiving comments by the citizens.” We refer you to the suggested website improvements listed in our March 23 letter; these suggestions are based on our analyses of redistricting commission websites in 5 other states.

In conclusion, we urge the Commission to provide for substantial public input in accordance with the law, such that Commission members, particularly the citizen members, can fully represent the interests of citizens of the Commonwealth. This will counterbalance the purely political considerations which have often driven redistricting in the past and will result in maps that will be seen as fair in the eyes of the citizens.

Sincerely,

Bill Millhouser, Falls Church VA
Candace Butler, Annandale VA
Kathy Utgoff, Falls Church VA
Pat Kablach Casano, Alexandria VA

Janet Martin, Springfield VA
Michael Martin, Springfield VA
Deborah Mayer, Centreville VA
JoAnn Kennedy Flanagan, Fairfax VA
cc:
Commissioner Hutchins  Commissioner Barker
Commissioner Feliciano  Commissioner Locke
Commissioner Abrenio  Commissioner McDougle
Commissioner Kumar  Commissioner Newman
Commissioner Gilliam  Commissioner McQuinn
Commissioner Harrell  Commissioner Simon
Commissioner Les Adams  Commissioner Ransone

Claire Waters, DLS Staff
Recap of my comments to the VA Redistricting Commission on 4/12 Zoom meeting

Ken Chasin <kenchasin1@gmail.com>
To: Virginia Redistricting Commission <varedist@dls.virginia.gov>, Amigo Wade <awade@dls.virginia.gov>

Good morning. My name is Ken Chasin and I live in Charlottesville. I am a retired Information Technology professional and one of my areas of expertise is data analysis.

I would like to comment on the process and timeline the Redistricting Commission is using to redraw if needed the state’s election maps.

The public was informed in the Commission’s prior Zoom meeting of three facts:

1. Training for Redistricting Commission members and staff on how to use the mapping software chosen will be sometime in May.
2. The U.S. 2020 Census data for Virginia will arrive sometime in mid-August to September and
3. Once the 2020 Census data arrives, the Redistricting Commission and its staff has been given 45 days to analyze existing state election maps for gerrymandering and redraw the state election maps as needed.

Well, Virginia has a total of 151 distinct election maps for the:

- 11 Virginia congressional districts
- 40 Virginia state senators (representing an equal number of single-member constitutional districts) and
- 100 Virginia House of Delegate members

Assuming the worst-case scenario that all of Virginia's election maps will have to be at the very least modified (or perhaps completely redrawn) this means the Redistricting Commission would have to produce a daily average of 3.35 new or modified election maps once the 45-day mapping period begins!

I would like to recommend that sometime in May after the mapping software training has been completed that the Redistricting Commission develop a preliminary set of new election maps using the U.S. Census data for Virginia from the "American Community Survey 2019 5-year estimates" Then once the US census data for 2020 is received, modify as needed the preliminary set of maps.

I myself have done a considerable amount of demographic data analysis using the U.S. Census data for Virginia from the "American Community Survey 2019 5-year estimates which I used to build a set of Microsoft Excel dashboards and charts.

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Ken Chasin

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